## In the Claims

- 1-34. (canceled)
- 35. (Withdrawn) An animal feed composition comprising, in admixture, at least 1%, by weight, of a carotenoid and at least 5%, by weight, of a phospholipid that is liquid at the body temperature of the animal.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the ratio of the carotenoid:phospholipid is from 1:100 to 100:1.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the ratio of the carotenoid:phospholipid is from 1:10 to 1:1.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the carotenoid is obtained from a microbial source.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 38, wherein the source is an organism selected from the group consisting of Phaffia. Haematococcus. Schizochytrium. and Paracoccus species.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the carotenoid is selected from the group consisting of astaxanthin, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, lutein, beta-carotene, and lycopene.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the carotenoid is a synthetic carotenoid.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein at least 20% of the fatty acid residues of the phospholipid are polyunsaturated.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein at least 10% of the fatty acid residues of the phospholipid have three or more double bonds.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein at least 10% of the fatty acid residues of the phospholipid have four or more double bonds.

- 45. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein at least 20% of the fatty acid residues of the phospholipid have four or more double bonds.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the phospholipid is obtained from a microbial source.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the phospholipid is an egg lecithin.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 35, wherein the phospholipid is obtained from a source selected from the group consisting of fish, crustaceans, and shellfish.
- 49.-56 (Cancelled)
- 57. (Withdrawn) A method of pigmenting an animal or an animal-derived product, the method comprising feeding to the animal a composition comprising, in admixture, at least 1%, by weight, of a carotenoid and at least 5%, by weight, of a phospholipid that is liquid at the body temperature of the animal, whereby the animal or product becomes pigmented.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 57, wherein the item that is pigmented is selected from the group consisting of an egg and a processed egg product.
- 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 57, wherein the item that is pigmented is selected from the group consisting of a whole animal, the processed flesh of an animal, and a processed animal product.
- 60. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing an enimal a coldwater fish feed composition which provides for an increased level of carotenoids in the fish consuming same, the method comprising (a) mixing a carotenoid and an algal derived DHA rich phospholipid with phospholipids, wherein the phospholipids have at least 20% fatty acid residues with 4 or more double bonds and are found in PUFA: rich extracts of single cell algal organisms and are that is liquid at the body temperature of the coldwater fish enimal to form a mixture; and (b) thereafter combining the mixture with at least one other animal feed component, such that the carotenoid makes up at least 1%, by weight, of the composition and the phospholipid makes up at least 5%, by weight, of the composition.
- 61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, wherein the mixture is incorporated into a pelleted feed composition.

- 62. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, wherein the mixture is used to coat a pelleted feed composition.
- 63. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, wherein the mixture is incorporated into an oil used to coat a pelleted feed composition.
- 64. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, wherein multiple carotenoids are incorporated into the mixture, the combined carotenoids make up at least 1%, by weight, of the composition.
- 65. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the mixing of carotenoid and phospholipids is performed under conditions sufficient to maintain the carotenoid and the phospholipid in a molecularly-associated form.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 65, wherein the conditions comprise mixing selected from the group consisting of vortex mixing, high shear mixing, sonication, and molecular level mixing.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 65, wherein the conditions comprise time in a range from about 5 minutes to several hours
- 68. (New) The method of claim 65, wherein the conditions comprise temperature in a range from ambient temperature to about 60°C.
- 69. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the single cells algal organisms are selected from the group consisting of Crypthecodinium sp., Schizochytrium sp., Mortierella sp., and Paracoccus sp.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the body temperature of the coldwater fish is less than 20°C.
- 71. (New) The method of claim 60, further comprising a polar solvent selected from the group consisting of chlorocarbons and lower alcohols.
- 72. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the phospholipids comprise at least 40% DHA.